

ROLE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN MODERN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

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Abstract:

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become a game-changer in the realm of Human Resource Management (HRM), revolutionizing the way organizations manage their resources, boost productivity, and make informed decisions. From traditional HR to digital HR systems, organizations can now use the advanced technologies to handle talent acquisition, employee engagement, performance management, and workforce analytics (Bondarouk & Brewster, 2016). AI-powered tools that utilize predictive analytics, natural language processing, machine learning, chat bots and virtual assistants have revolutionized the recruitment process, enhancing its effectiveness, employee experience and operational efficiency (Vrontis et al., 2022). The study explores the role of Artificial Intelligence in the HRM of the present era and its effect on different HR functions. This study has a descriptive and analytical research design with both primary and secondary data. Data was obtained from HR professionals and employees using a structured questionnaire and a sample of 200 respondents. The results indicate that AI-powered recruitment solutions improve the screening of resumes, match candidates, and automate hiring procedures, ultimately saving time in recruitment and ensuring that the best candidates are chosen (Upadhyay & Khandelwal, 2018). Additionally, AI-driven HR analytics can aid in workforce forecasting, retention projections, and data-informed decision-making, which can lead to better organizational performance (Marler & Boudreau, 2017). The research also brings to light the benefits of AI for employee engagement, such as customised learning, ongoing feedback processes, and intelligent assistance systems (Jarrahi, 2018). Even with these advantages, there are several issues of algorithmic bias, employee privacy, and transparency that must be addressed in a responsible and ethical manner (Strohmeier, 2020). The study reveals that AI is a valuable strategic ally for HRM and will be pivotal in helping to create an Industry 5.0 workplace, characterized by innovation, adaptability in the workforce, and sustainable competitiveness in the digital world. AI in HRM encompasses a wide range of applications, such as automated scheduling, candidate screening, predictive hiring algorithms, and performance analytics, among others. AI in HRM includes various applications, including automated scheduling, candidate screening, predictive hiring algorithms, performance analytics, and more.

Key words: Game-Changer, Acquisition, Forecasting, Pivotal, Workforce, Automated

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1.1 Introduction:

The field of Human Resource Management (HRM) has changed dramatically in the last few decades. In the past, HR departments were mostly concerned with manual tasks like attendance, payroll processing, employee records maintenance, and documentation of

recruitment. These activities had been manual, time intensive and were paper based. When the companies grew and people working within them became more diverse, the need for better, effective, “wiser” HR practices became apparent. Digital HR started with the implementation of Human Resource Information Systems (HRIS) which automated mundane HR actions and enhanced data management (Stone et al., 2015).

HR has transformed from being an operational support function to a strategic partner to the organization's performance with the advancement in information technology. Digital HR combines cloud technology, data analysis, mobile use and AI to optimize employee engagement and management. Digital platforms are used by organisations today for hiring, performance management, training and employee engagement. This transformation frees up HR time to concentrate on strategic decision-making and not administrative tasks. Moreover, digital HR enables remote work, instant interaction, and data-driven talent management procedures. For Industry 5.0, digital HR becomes an essential element to create human-centric work environments that integrate technology and people for greater organizational agility and competitiveness (Bondarouk & Brewster, 2016).

Discuss the rise of AI Technologies:

In today's world, Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become one of the most influential technologies impacting organizational operations across all industries. AI is the capacity of computer systems to carry out tasks that normally demand human intelligence, such as reasoning, problem solving, language processing, decision making and learning. Although the concept of AI was first introduced in the mid-20th century, in recent years, there have been tremendous advancements in computing power, access to large volumes of data, machine learning algorithms and cloud infrastructure that have made the practical application of AI more feasible (Russell & Norvig, 2021).

These technologies allow companies to extract information, patterns and insights from large volumes of structured and unstructured data that are actionable. Many industries like healthcare, finance, education, manufacturing, human resource management are using AI-based systems. AI's benefits for boosting operational efficiency, cutting expenses, increasing accuracy, and aiding strategic decisions are growing its adoption (Davenport & Ronanki, 2018).

1.3 Objectives of the Study:

1. To explore how AI can be used in HR-related tasks.
2. To understand the effects of AI on recruitment and selection.
3. To assess the impact of AI on employee engagement.
4. To pinpoint issues in the adoption of AI in HRM.
5. To propose solutions on how AI applications can be effectively implemented.

1.4 Review of Literature:

1. Safshekan (2026): Safshekan (2026) explored the use of Artificial Intelligence in HR in various aspects like recruitment, training, compensation, performance management, and employee retention. Overall, the study revealed that AI-driven systems enhance decision-making accuracy and enable strategic workforce management. AI technologies were demonstrated to support employees' productivity improvement by providing personalized learning and development strategies.

2. Naoum and Colleagues (2025): Undertook a systematic review of literature to explore the role of Artificial Intelligence in the context of diversity, equity and inclusion in Human Resource Management. The researchers reviewed 43 peer-reviewed articles and discovered that AI can be used to improve the accuracy of hiring, decrease manual workload, and streamline the processes of assessing employees. The study also noted that there is a potential for algorithmic bias in AI systems, which can lead to unintentional discrimination against certain groups of employees.

3. Sundari et al. (2024): Performed a systematic literature review (SLR) using PRISMA methodology, and analyzed and synthesized 78 peer-reviewed studies published from 2018 to 2025. The review underscored how AI is shaping the recruitment landscape, influencing employee growth, workplace analytics, and satisfaction. They noted that AI tools can enhance hiring efficiency and provide customized learning experiences for employees. The study also highlighted the necessity of HR practices that are humanistic in nature, which must be trusted and accepted by the employees.

4. Wu (2024): How Artificial Intelligence can be integrated into Human Resource Management in manufacturing organisations has been the topic of a systematic review carried out by Wu (2024). Literature published between 2000 and 2025 were analysed according to PRISMA. The results showed that AI has a huge impact on recruitment efficiency, workforce planning, performance assessment, and employee training. The study also highlighted the importance of AI-powered HR systems in helping businesses make informed decisions and increase their operational efficiency.

5. Benabou (2023): Conducted a detailed systematic review of 141 articles on the topic of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in Human Resource Management (HRM) that appeared in the Scopus-indexed journals. The results showed that using AI can help improve the efficiency of organizations, their employees, and their talent acquisition strategies. Ethical issues, privacy concerns, and the impact on human interactions in HR decision-making were highlighted as significant challenges in the review.

6. Mohamed (2023): Reviewed the literature to gain insights into the strategies for adopting AI, challenges in its implementation, and future trends in Human Resource Management (HRM). The research revealed that companies embracing AI technologies saw gains in employee engagement, workforce planning, and operational productivity. Key factors identified in the review for successful integration of AI were organizational readiness and technological infrastructure alongside employee training. Additionally, the author stressed that investments in the capability of AI can help reinforce the competitive edge and the sustainability of the organization.

7. Hahn (2022): To understand the growing connection between Artificial Intelligence and Human Resource Management, Hahn (2022) read 87 scientific articles published from 2019-2024. The study revealed that the landscape of work, employee experiences, and HR practices are being transformed by AI. The benefits of AI-powered technologies in recruitment processes, workforce analytics, and talent management were noted. The review also uncovered knowledge gaps in the field of employee trust, transparency, and ethical governance.

8. Gong et al. (2022): Explored some of the recent research trends on the topic of AI integration in Human Resource Management. The review covered the trajectory of AI in HR,

and the opportunities for value creation through automation and analytics were highlighted. The study revealed that AI technologies can enhance the processes of strategic decision making, improve workforce efficiency, and enhance competitiveness. The researchers also talked about the underlying theories of the reasons behind how organizations adopt AI.

9. Kasubi et al. (2021): Kasubi et al. (2021) used a bibliometric approach to trace the scientific evolution of the field of AI in HRM. The study emphasized the swift advancement of AI research in the field of recruitment, employee engagement, performance management, and talent development. The results indicated that HR-related activities are being impacted by machine learning, natural language processing, and robotic technologies. The authors noted that there are some issues of research that need further attention, such as ethical issues and issues of implementation.

10. Susilo (2020): Susilo (2020) conducted a detailed literature review on the use of Artificial Intelligence in Human Resource Management (HRM) on the latest research articles published in Scopus-indexed journals. The results showed that AI has a considerable impact on recruitment, staff training, evaluations, payroll, and customer relationship management. The study highlighted the impact of AI-driven systems on HR decision-making processes, noting that they enhance efficiency, accuracy, and consistency

AI and Talent Acquisition

1. Resume Screening

AI has revolutionized the resumes entry process, allowing companies to process numerous resumes quickly and precisely. Traditional resumes tend to consume a lot of time and effort from recruiters, especially if a company receives thousands of resumes for a single job. A screening system that utilizes AI relies on a machine learning algorithm and natural language processing to evaluate job applications, determine which skills, qualifications, and experience are relevant to the position, and prioritize candidates according to the criteria of the job

2 Promoting employee experience with AI.

Chat bots

In today's business landscape, AI chatbots are proving to be valuable employees of the workers. The smart systems can give the worker instant responses to questions on policies, advantages, leave management, payroll and procedures within the organization. The chatbots are always available and provide instant support, which is an advantage over the traditional HR support systems that are time-consuming.

Virtual Assistants

With the emergence of Artificial Intelligence, virtual assistants are becoming an integral part of helping employees and HR teams. These digital assistants enable employees to effectively schedule, monitor, retrieve organizational data and perform administrative tasks. In HR Services, virtual assistants assist in organizing the recruitment process, training staff, monitoring performance, and maintaining communication.

3 AI and Performance Management:

Continuous Feedback

One of the best performance management techniques of the modern era is continuous feedback, which is supported by the technologies of Artificial Intelligence. In contrast to the traditional annual reviews, continuous feedback systems continually assess and suggest actions to employees, throughout the year. Performance data is gathered and analyzed from

various sources on AI-driven platforms, allowing managers to quickly recognize strengths, weaknesses, and opportunities for improvement. Staff are given feedback on their work at an appropriate time that will help them improve their skills.

1.5 Variables of the study:

Independent Variables	Dependent Variables
1. AI Recruitment Tools	1. HR Efficiency
2. AI Training Systems	2. Employee Satisfaction
3. HR Analytics	3. Talent Retention
4. Employee Self-Service Platforms	4. Decision Quality
5. AI Chatbots	5. Organizational Performance

1.5 Research Methodology:

1. Research Design:

This study is a descriptive and analytical research which aims to explore the role of Artificial Intelligence in the modern Human Resource Management. The descriptive aspect entails gaining insights into the state of AI in HR, including how its use is distributed among HR roles, including recruitment, employee engagement, performance management, and workforce planning. It offers a comprehensive report on the perception of HR workers and employees about the efficacy of HR practices involving AI. The analytical part assesses the connections between AI application and organization results, such as HR effectiveness, employee fulfillment, ability to have the ability to retain gifted workers, and the quality of choices made.

2. Data Source:

Both primary and secondary data sources are used in the study to get a holistic approach to the study of Artificial Intelligence applications in Human Resource Management. Primary data are gathered first hand from those who will be asked about it through a structured questionnaire, which is given to HR personnel and employees of different organizations. The questionnaire gathers information regarding AI adoption, employee experiences, recruitment effectiveness, performance management, workforce analytics, and organizational outcomes. Primary data offers firsthand insights into how AI technologies are being applied to HR processes.

Secondary data is gathered from scholarly journals, research articles, books, conference proceedings, industry reports, company publications and reputable web sources. These are theoretical sources which clarify the empirical findings. The use of both primary and secondary data increases research reliability and validity.

3. Sample Size:

The study targets HR professionals and employees of organizations having adopted or acquainted with the use of Artificial Intelligence in HRM with a sample size of 200. This size of sample is considered sufficient to use for statistical analysis and yield reliable research products. The people selected to answer the questions are HR managers, recruitment specialists and talent acquisition professionals, training coordinators and employees from

various levels within the organization. This diversity provides an all-encompassing view of how AI is being adopted and its effect on different HR roles.

4. Sampling Technique:

The study uses the non-probability sampling technique of “Convenience Sampling” which is sampling technique that is used by selecting the respondents that are accessible, available, and willing to participate in the study. Convenience sampling is not a preferred method for social science and management research because of its practicality, cost-effectiveness, and ease of implementation. HR professionals and employees with knowledge about the applications of Artificial Intelligence in HRM are targeted through professional networks, organizational contacts and online survey platforms in the scope of this study.

Table 1: Percentage Analysis of AI Usage in Recruitment

AI Usage in Recruitment	Frequency	Percentage (%)
Highly Effective	90	45.0
Effective	65	32.5
Neutral	25	12.5
Ineffective	15	7.5
Highly Ineffective	5	2.5
Total	200	100.0

Interpretation: The findings indicate that 77.5% of respondents perceive AI-based recruitment systems as effective or highly effective. This suggests strong acceptance of AI technologies in talent acquisition processes, supporting improved candidate screening, faster hiring decisions, and enhanced recruitment efficiency within organizations.

Table 2: Mean and Standard Deviation of AI Impact on HR Functions

HR Function	Mean Score	Standard Deviation
Recruitment Efficiency	4.35	0.62
Employee Engagement	4.12	0.75
Performance Management	4.08	0.68
Workforce Planning	4.26	0.71
Training and Development	4.18	0.66

Interpretation: The mean scores exceed 4.00 across all HR functions, indicating positive perceptions of AI adoption. Recruitment efficiency recorded the highest mean score of 4.35, demonstrating that respondents strongly believe AI contributes significantly to improving HR effectiveness and operational performance.

Table 3: Correlation between AI Adoption and Employee Satisfaction

Variables	AI Adoption	Employee Satisfaction
AI Adoption	1.000	0.742**
Employee Satisfaction	0.742**	1.000

Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Interpretation: The correlation coefficient ($r = 0.742$) indicates a strong positive relationship between AI adoption and employee satisfaction. The significant association suggests that effective implementation of AI-driven HR practices contributes to improved employee experiences, engagement levels, and workplace satisfaction.

1.7 Findings:

1. Improved Recruitment Efficiency:

The investigation revealed that AI has a strong potential to improve the efficiency of recruitment processes, through automating the screening of resumes, matching candidates, and scheduling interviews. AI-powered recruitment tools result in quicker hiring cycles, less administrative effort, and better candidate matching for job openings.

2. Enhanced Employee Experience:

The results show that AI-driven chatbots, virtual assistants, and personalized learning platforms enhance the employee experience. The use of these technologies helps to ensure timely assistance, personalized development opportunities, and effective communication channels, resulting in increased employee satisfaction, engagement and productivity in the workplace.

3. Better Performance Management:

The research found that AI can play a role in efficient performance management by providing continuous feedback and predictive performance analytics. Continuous performance tracking, unbiased assessments, and foreseeable employee growth identification enhance workforce effectiveness and outcomes for organizations.

4. Strengthened Workforce Analytics:

The results show that AI-powered HR analytics aids in workforce forecasting and in predicting employee attrition. Organizations can expect to better predict future staffing needs, identify future risks of turnover, and make better strategic decisions to increase workforce stability and organization long term performance.

1.8 Suggestions:

1. Share training resources for HR Professionals on AI:

There is a need to conduct timely training sessions for HR professionals to train them on the capabilities of AI technologies. HR professionals will have the opportunity to leverage AI tools, analyze data to gain insights, and make well-informed decisions about their workforce.

2. Set up Ethical AI Governance Frameworks:

Businesses must create extensive principles for the use of AI in HR. These frameworks must address issues related to fairness, accountability, transparency, and employee rights to ensure responsible AI usage and minimize risks associated with algorithmic bias and discrimination.

3. Improve the privacy of employee information:

Strong data protection practices should be put in place and adhered to by organizations to ensure the protection of data, as well as compliance with relevant data protection laws. Enforce clear policies on data collection, storage and use with employees to foster trust and enable the responsible handling of confidential employee data.

4. Engage in continuous improvement through training and development:

AI should complement, not replace human judgment. HR professionals must review AI-generated suggestions and integrate their own knowledge and expertise to make well-rounded, fair and contextually relevant decisions.

1.9 Conclusion:

Artificial Intelligence has become a game-changer in the field of HRM, allowing companies to transcend the administrative tasks of HR and embrace strategic workforce management. HR managers can leverage AI to make informed decisions regarding recruitment, employee

growth, performance assessment, and planning for future workforce needs. AI streamlines repetitive tasks and offers predictive insights, freeing HR teams to concentrate on initiatives that directly impact their organization's growth and employee well-being. The advent of AI has revolutionized HR practices by introducing intelligent systems that streamline and enhance traditional manual methods, resulting in greater efficiency, accuracy, and responsiveness.

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1.11 Future Research Scope:

Artificial Intelligence usage in Human Resource Management has opened a lot of scope for future research. An important aspect is the use of Generative AI in HRM. There is a need to study the usefulness of generative AI tools in creating job descriptions, communicating with employees, performance reviews, development of training content, and talent management. The effects of generative AI on HR efficiency, employee engagement, and decision-making quality can also be explored. AI and remote workforce management also has great potential. As remote and hybrid working become more common, businesses need intelligent systems to keep an eye on productivity, encourage teamwork, and promote employee health. Future studies could explore the role of AI in the effective management of geographically distributed teams and how it helps ensure employee satisfaction and organizational performance.
